



Emotion, Thought and Action

o	Objective: To develop the ability to link one's emotions with thoughts and actions.			
•	Time Requirements:			
\$	a.	a. Preparation: 0-5 Minutes		
	b.	b. Activity: 5-10 Minutes		
	Items:			
	a.	Emotion, Thought and Action: Handout		
\ <u>_</u> ,	Learning Outcomes:			
O.	a. An enhanced ability to see how emotions, thoughts (cognition) and action (behavior			
	are interrelated (EI Subskill 1: Understanding Own Emotions)			
\bigotimes	Key Learning Point: Emotions influence both our thoughts and actions.			
Self-Di	isclosure	***	Difficulty: Basic	

Instructions

- 1. Ask participants to recall a time they felt strong emotions, and to pay particular attention to their thoughts and actions during that particular incident. You can ask participants to think about their emotional experiences together with questions such as:
 - a. Did your thoughts influence your emotions? Or did your emotions influence your thoughts?
 - b. How about your actions? Did your emotions influence your actions? Or, did you start feeling certain emotions after behaving in a certain way?
- 2. Distribute the Emotion, Thought and Action Handout to participants. Ask participants to recall that same emotional experience and to complete the diagram listing their
- 3. After 10 minutes, ask participants which section they completed first be it the 'emotion', 'thought' or 'action' section. If they completed the 'emotion' section first, ask them why. Similarly, ask participants who completed the 'thought' section first about their experiences. You can use the additional 5 minutes for this activity to tell participants that how we think about a certain event or issue does also influence our emotions.

	 Reflection Questions: a. How do you think emotions arise? Do you think of something first emotions, or do emotions influence your thoughts? b. How about actions? Are they a result or consequence of your emotions. 	
M	Further Reading and References: a. Izard, C. E. (2010). The many meanings/aspects of emotion: Definition activation, and regulation. <i>Emotion Review</i> , 2(4), 363-370. doi: 10.1177/1754073910374661.	ons, functions,
\triangle	Note: a. This exercise helps participants see how emotion is very much intertation thought and action. You can also discuss with participants that emotion have tried to establish the 'sequence' by which emotion, thought are	tion researchers